SAFETY DATA SHEET

NTB & Fabric



Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier : NTB & Fabric
Other means of : Not available.

identification Product code

: 98370, 98379, 98439, Cal_Weir 370, Cal_Weir 379, Exp 104-13-014, Exp 104-13-015

The products with the codes shown above are made of rubber and aramid, nylon or polyester fabrics. All fabrics are considered non-hazardous, and are not specifically mentioned in this document.

Product type : Solid.

Identified uses : Fabric reinforced rubber parts.

Supplier/Manufacturer : Patch Rubber Company

100 Patch Rubber Road Weldon, NC 27890 United States

Phone: (252)-536-2574

Emergency telephone number (with hours of

operation)

: CHEMTREC, U.S.: 1-800-424-9300 International: +1-703-527-3887

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status

: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or mixture

SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1
AQUATIC HAZARD (ACUTE) - Category 2
AQUATIC HAZARD (LONG-TERM) - Category 2

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms





Signal word : Warning

Hazard statements : H317 - May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Precautionary statements

Prevention : P280 - Wear protective gloves.

P273 - Avoid release to the environment.

P261 - Avoid breathing dust.

P272 (OSHA) - Contaminated work clothing must not be allowed out of the workplace.

Response : P391 - Collect spillage.

P302 + P352 + P363 - IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Wash

contaminated clothing before reuse.

P333 + P313 - If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention.

Storage : Not applicable.





Section 2. Hazards identification

Disposal

: P501 - Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local, regional, national and international regulations.

Hazards not otherwise classified (HNOC)

Physical hazards not otherwise classified

: None known.

(PHNOC)

Health hazards not otherwise classified (HHNOC)

: None known.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture

: Mixture

Other means of identification

: Not available.

CAS number/other identifiers

CAS number : Not applicable.

Product code : 98370, 98379, 98439, Cal Weir 370, Cal Weir 379, Exp 104-13-014, Exp 104-13-015

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Carbon black, non respirable Zinc oxide	≥25 - ≤50 ≥1 - ≤2	1333-86-4 1314-13-2
N-cyclohexylbenzothiazole-2-sulphenamide Thiram (ISO)	≥0.3 - ≤0.4 ≤0.1	95-33-0 137-26-8

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

<u>Fabrics also contained in these products are considered non-hazardous and therefore are not disclosed in the above table.</u>

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact

: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 20 minutes. Get medical attention if irritation occurs.

Inhalation

: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Skin contact

: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 20 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.



Section 4. First aid measures

Ingestion

: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact : May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards. Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards. **Skin contact** : Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician

: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Specific treatments

: No specific treatment.

Protection of first-aiders

No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing

: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.

media

Unsuitable extinguishing

media

: None known.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: This material is toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects. Fire water contaminated with this material must be contained and prevented from being discharged to any waterway, sewer or drain.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide

carbon monoxide metal oxide/oxides





Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Special protective actions for fire-fighters

: No special measures are required.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders

: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

Environmental precautions

Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air). Water polluting material. May be harmful to the environment if released in large quantities. Collect spillage.

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Move containers from spill area. Avoid dust generation. Using a vacuum with HEPA filter will reduce dust dispersal. Place spilled material in a designated, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

: Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Avoid dust generation. Do not dry sweep. Vacuum dust with equipment fitted with a HEPA filter and place in a closed, labeled waste container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

: Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid release to the environment. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination.



Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

United States

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Carbon black, non respirable	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013). TWA: 3.5 mg/m³ 10 hours. TWA: 0.1 mg of PAHs/cm³ 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013). TWA: 3.5 mg/m³ 8 hours.
Zina avida	ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015). TWA: 3 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction
Zinc oxide	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013). CEIL: 15 mg/m³ Form: Dust TWA: 5 mg/m³ 10 hours. Form: Dust and fumes STEL: 10 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Form: Fertilizer and/or industrial use. OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013).
	TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Fertilizer and/or industrial use. TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction TWA: 15 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015). TWA: 2 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction STEL: 10 mg/m³ 15 minutes. Form: Respirable fraction
Thiram (ISO)	NIOSH REL (United States, 10/2013). TWA: 5 mg/m³ 10 hours. OSHA PEL (United States, 2/2013). TWA: 5 mg/m³ 8 hours. ACGIH TLV (United States, 3/2015). Skin sensitizer. TWA: 0.05 mg/m³ 8 hours. Form: Inhalable fraction and vapor

Canada

Occupational exposure limits		TWA	TWA (8 hours) STEL (15 mins)		s)	Ceiling					
Ingredient	List name	ppm	mg/m³	Other	ppm	mg/m³	Other	ppm	mg/m³	Other	Notations
Carbon black, non respirable	US ACGIH 3/2015	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	[a]
	AB 4/2009	-	3.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	
	BC 5/2015	-	3	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	[b]
	ON 7/2015	-	3	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	[b] [a]
	QC 1/2014	-	3.5	_	-	-	_	-	-	-	1
	SK	-	3.5	_	-	7	_	-	-	-	
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy naphthenic	US ACGIH 3/2015	-	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	[a]
•	AB 4/2009	-	5	_	-	10	-	-	-	-	[c]
	ON 7/2015	-	5	_	-	10	-	-	-	-	[c]
	QC 1/2014	-	5	_	-	10	-	-	-	-	[c]
Extracts (petroleum), heavy paraffinic distillate solvent	AB 4/2009	-	5	-	-	10	-	-	-	-	[c]
	ON 7/2015	-	5	_	-	10	-	-	-	-	[c]
	QC 1/2014	-	5	_	-	10	-	-	-	-	[c]
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated ight naphthenic	US ACGIH 3/2015	-	5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	[a]
	AB 4/2009	-	5	-	-	10	-	-	-	-	[c]
	ON 7/2015	-	5	-	-	10	-	-	-	-	[c]
	QC 1/2014	-	5	-	-	10	-	-	-	L	[c]
Zinc oxide	US ACGIH 3/2015	-	2	_	-	10	-	-	-	L	[d]
	AB 4/2009	-	2	-	-	10	-	-	-	_	[e]
	BC 5/2015	-	2	-	-	10	-	-	-	L	[e]
	ON 7/2015	_	2	_	-	10	-	_	-	-	[d]
	QC 1/2014	_	5	_	-	10	-	_	-	-	in'
	SK	-	2	_	-	10	-	-	-	-	[g]

Form: [a]Inhalable fraction [b]Inhalable [c]Mist [d]Respirable fraction [e]Respirable [f]Fertilizer and/or industrial use. [g] Respirable dust and fume.





Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Appropriate engineering controls

: Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants.

Environmental exposure controls

: Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures

: Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection

: Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: safety glasses with side-shields.

Skin protection

Hand protection

: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.

Body protection

: Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Other skin protection

: Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.

Respiratory protection

: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state : Solid. [Rubber.]

Color : Black.
Odor : Rubber.

Odor threshold : Not available.

pH : Not available.

Melting point : Not available.

Boiling point : Not available.

Flash point : Not available.

Flammability (solid, gas)
Lower and upper explosive

Not available.Not available.

: Not available.

(flammable) limits

Evaporation rate

Vapor pressure : Not available.





Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Vapor density: Not available.Relative density: Not available.Solubility in water: Not available.Partition coefficient: n-: Not available.

octanol/water

Auto-ignition temperature : Not available.

Decomposition temperature : Not available.

Viscosity : Not available.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or its ingredients.

Chemical stability: The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will not occur.

Conditions to avoid : No specific data.

Incompatible materials: Not available.

Hazardous decomposition products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
Carbon black, non respirable N-cyclohexylbenzothiazole- 2-sulphenamide	LD50 Oral LD50 Dermal	Rat Rabbit	>15400 mg/kg >7940 mg/kg	-
Thiram (ISO)	LD50 Oral LC50 Inhalation Dusts and mists LD50 Dermal LD50 Oral	Rat Rat Rat Rat	5300 mg/kg 4420 mg/m³ >5000 mg/kg 560 mg/kg	- 4 hours - -

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
N-cyclohexylbenzothiazole- 2-sulphenamide	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	100 %	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	100 %	-
Thiram (ISO)	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	100 mg	-
	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 100 mg	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	100%	-

Sensitization

There is no data available.

Mutagenicity

There is no data available.

Carcinogenicity





Section 11. Toxicological information

There is no data available.

Reproductive toxicity

There is no data available.

Teratogenicity

There is no data available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

There is no data available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Name	•	Route of exposure	Target organs
Thiram (ISO)	Category 2	Not determined	Not determined

Aspiration hazard

There is no data available.

Information on the likely routes of exposure

Dermal contact. Eye contact. Inhalation. Ingestion.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : No known significant effects or critical hazards. **Inhalation** : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact
 Inhalation
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Skin contact
 No known significant effects or critical hazards.
 Adverse symptoms may include the following:

irritation redness

Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

effects

Potential delayed effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

effects

Potential delayed effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Potential chronic health effects

General : Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when subsequently exposed to

very low levels.

Carcinogenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Mutagenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Teratogenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.



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Date of issue:05/15/2016

8/12



Section 11. Toxicological information

Developmental effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Fertility effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

There is no data available.

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
Carbon black, non respirable	Acute EC50 37.563 mg/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
Zinc oxide	Acute IC50 1.85 mg/L Marine water	Algae - Skeletonema costatum	96 hours
	Acute IC50 46 μg/L Fresh water	Algae - Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata - Exponential growth phase	72 hours
	Acute LC50 98 µg/L Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate	48 hours
	Acute LC50 1.1 ppm Fresh water	Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 hours
Thiram (ISO)	Acute EC50 1000 µg/L Fresh water	Algae - Chlorella pyrenoidosa	96 hours
•	Acute EC50 0.04 mg/L Marine water	Algae - Nannochloropsis oculata	72 hours
	Acute LC50 0.02 mg/L Marine water	Crustaceans - Artemia franciscana - Nauplii	48 hours
	Acute LC50 0.01 mg/L Fresh water Acute LC50 0.67 µg/L Fresh water Chronic NOEC 1.1 ppb Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna - Neonate Fish - Mystus vittatus Fish - Pimephales promelas	48 hours 96 hours 210 days

Persistence and degradability

There is no data available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
Zinc oxide N-cyclohexylbenzothiazole- 2-sulphenamide	- 5	60960 924.7	high high
Thiram (ISO)	1.8	3.39	low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient (Koc)

: Not available.

Other adverse effects

: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

: The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling empty containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of





Section 13. Disposal considerations

spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	DOT	TDG	IMDG	IATA
UN number	UN3077	UN3077	UN3077	UN3077
UN proper shipping name	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (Zinc oxide). Marine pollutant (Zinc oxide) RQ (Thiram (ISO))	HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (Zinc oxide).	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (Zinc oxide). Marine pollutant (Zinc oxide)	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, SOLID, N.O.S. (Zinc oxide)
Transport hazard class(es)	9	9	9	9
Packing group	III	III	III	III
Environmental hazards	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.	Yes.
Additional information	Non-bulk packages of this product are not regulated as hazardous materials in package sizes less than the product reportable quantity, unless transported by inland waterway. The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported on inland waterways in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg. Reportable quantity 7142.9 lbs / 3242.9 kg	(Class 9), 2.7 (Marine pollutant mark).	This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 4.1.1.1, 4.1.1.2 and 4.1.1.4 to 4.1.1.8.	This product is not regulated as a dangerous good when transported in sizes of ≤5 L or ≤5 kg, provided the packagings meet the general provisions of 5.0.2.4.1, 5.0.2.6. 1.1 and 5.0.2.8.
	Package sizes shipped in quantities less than the product reportable quantity are not subject to the RQ (reportable quantity) transportation requirements.			

AERG: 171

DOT-RQ Details

: Thiram (ISO)

10 lbs / 4.54 kg

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.





Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations

: TSCA 8(a) PAIR: Phenol, styrenated

TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined

United States inventory (TSCA 8b): Not determined.

Clean Water Act (CWA) 307: Zinc oxide Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: Propionic acid

Clean Air Act Section 112

: Not listed

(b) Hazardous Air **Pollutants (HAPs)**

Clean Air Act Section 602

: Not listed

Class I Substances

Clean Air Act Section 602 **Class II Substances**

: Not listed

DEA List I Chemicals

(Precursor Chemicals)

: Not listed

DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals) : Not listed

SARA 302/304

Composition/information on ingredients

			SARA 302 TPQ		SARA 304 RQ	
Name	%	EHS	(lbs)	(gallons)	(lbs)	(gallons)
Cyclohexylamine	<0.1	Yes.	10000	1386.5	10000	1386.5

SARA 304 RQ : 222222222.2 lbs / 100888888.9 kg

SARA 311/312

Classification : Immediate (acute) health hazard

Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	Fire hazard	Sudden release of pressure	Reactive	Immediate (acute) health hazard	Delayed (chronic) health hazard
N-cyclohexylbenzothiazole- 2-sulphenamide Thiram (ISO)	≥0.3 - ≤0.4 ≤0.1	No. Yes.	No.	No.	Yes.	No. Yes.

SARA 313

	Product name	CAS number	%
Form R - Reporting requirements	Zinc oxide	1314-13-2	≥1 - ≤2
Supplier notification	Zinc oxide	1314-13-2	≥1 - ≤2

SARA 313 notifications must not be detached from the SDS and any copying and redistribution of the SDS shall include copying and redistribution of the notice attached to copies of the SDS subsequently redistributed.

State regulations

Massachusetts

: The following components are listed: Extracts (petroleum), heavy paraffinic distillate solvent; Zinc oxide; Carbon black, non respirable

New York : None of the components are listed.



Section 15. Regulatory information

New Jersey : The following components are listed: Zinc oxide

Pennsylvania : The following components are listed: Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy

naphthenic; Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light naphthenic; Extracts (petroleum),

heavy paraffinic distillate solvent; Carbon black, non respirable

California Prop. 65

WARNING: This product contains a chemical known to the State of California to cause cancer.

Ingredient name	Cancer	Reproductive	level	Maximum acceptable dosage level
Carbon black, non respirable	Yes.	No.	No.	No.

Canada

Canadian lists

Canadian NPRI : The following components are listed: Zinc oxide

CEPA Toxic substances: None of the components are listed.

Canada inventory : Not determined.

Section 16. Other information

History

Date of issue mm/dd/yyyy : 05/15/2016

Version : 1

Prepared by : KMK Regulatory Services Inc.

Key to abbreviations : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as

modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)

UN = United Nations

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.

